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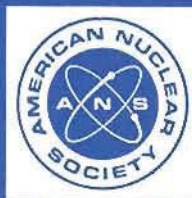
WITHDRAWN

**March 11, 1999
ANSI/ANS-15.2-1990**

**quality control for plate-type
uranium-aluminum fuel elements**

an American National Standard

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Revision of
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American National Standard
Quality Control for Plate-Type
Uranium-Aluminum Fuel Elements

Secretariat
American Nuclear Society

Prepared by the
American Nuclear Society
Standards Committee
Working Group ANS-15.2

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American National Standard

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Foreword

(This Foreword is not a part of American National Standard Quality Control for Plate-Type Uranium-Aluminum Fuel Elements, ANSI/ANS-15.2-1990.)

The American Nuclear Society Standards Committee established Subcommittee ANS-15 in the fall of 1970 with the task of preparing a standard for the operation of research reactors. In January 1972, this charter was expanded to the multiple tasks of preparing all standards for research reactors. To implement this enlarged responsibility, a number of Subcommittee work groups were established to develop standards for consideration and complementary action by Subcommittee ANS-15.

At the time of its development of the revision of the standard, Working Group ANS-15.2 had the following membership:

B. L. Corbett, Chairman, <i>Oak Ridge National Laboratory</i>	R. W. Knight, <i>Oak Ridge National Laboratory</i>
K. Bogacik, <i>Babcock & Wilcox</i>	L. K. Seymour, <i>EG&G Idaho</i>

In this process of creating standards against the background of established and varied practices in many operating facilities, it is important to consider:

- a. It is not intended that the standard be used as a demand model for backfitting purposes.
- b. It should be a vital aid for the new owner-agency.
- c. It should be helpful for the facility undergoing change/modification.
- d. Its thoughtful use by industry should ease the burden of regulatory agencies.

We affirm, further, that the use of any standard of performance, conduct or excellence is volitional. The decision to use a standard is a management matter, presumably on technical advisement. The institutionalizing of a standard can and almost must be conditional; i.e., high probability exists that some exception or addition will compromise the absolute, unconditional application of a document which was composed to cross lines of functional and material discipline.

It is a management function to ameliorate or mitigate conditional matters. It is not the function of a standard to attempt to accommodate the many different management systems. Neither is its function to preempt management prerogatives.

This standard is promulgated in the context of these considerations.

Subcommittee ANS-15, Operation of Research Reactors, had the following membership at the time of this standard:

W. J. Richards, Chairman, <i>U.S. Air Force</i>	D. P. Pruett, <i>Argonne National Laboratory-West</i>
L. C. Brinkerhoff, <i>U.S. Department of Energy</i>	T. M. Raby, <i>National Institute of Standards and Technology</i>
W. J. Brynda, <i>Brookhaven National Laboratory</i>	E. M. Roybal, <i>U.S. Department of Energy</i>
B. L. Corbett, <i>Oak Ridge National Laboratory</i>	L. S. Rubenstein, <i>U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission</i>
A. F. Di Meglio, <i>Nuclear Science Center</i>	T. R. Schmidt, <i>Sandia National Laboratory</i>
J. P. Farrar, <i>University of Virginia</i>	M. H. Voth, <i>Pennsylvania State University</i>
D. E. Feltz, <i>Texas A&M University</i>	R. R. Walston, <i>U.S. Department of Energy</i>
T. F. Luera, <i>Sandia National Laboratories</i>	W. L. Whittemore, <i>GA Technologies, Inc.</i>
G. W. Nelson, <i>University of Arizona</i>	
R. C. Nelson, <i>U.S. Air Force</i>	

Consensus Committee N17, Research Reactors, Reactor Physics, and Radiation Shielding, had the following membership at the time it reviewed and approved this standard:

R. S. Carter, Chairman

T. M. Raby, Secretary

S. H. Brown	Health Physics Society
A. Johnson (Alt.)	
J. D. Buchanan	Individual
A. D. Callihan	Individual
R. E. Carter	Individual
R. S. Carter	American Nuclear Society
D. Cokinos	Brookhaven National Laboratory
A. De La Paz	Department of U.S. Army
D. Duffey	American Institute of Chemical Engineers
H. Goldstein	American Physical Society
P. B. Hemmig	U.S. Department of Energy
J. W. Lewellen (Alt.)	
W. A. Holt	American Public Health Association
L. I. Kopp	Individual
J. E. Olhoeft	Individual
T. M. Raby	National Institute of Standards and Technology
W. J. Richards	U.S. Air Force
L. Rubenstein	U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
A. Adams (Alt.)	
M. M. Ter Pogossian	American College of Radiology
D. K. Trubey	Oak Ridge National Laboratory
A. Weitzberg	NUS Corporation
W. L. Whittemore	Individual

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