

Australian Standard™

**Electronic funds transfer—  
Requirements for interfaces**

**Part 6.5.2: Key management—  
TCU initialization—Symmetric**

This Australian Standard was prepared by Committee IT/5, Financial Transaction Systems. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 29 October 1999 and published on 10 January 2000.

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Australian Association of Permanent Building Societies  
Australian Bankers Association  
Australian Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers Association  
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## PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee IT/5, Financial Transaction Systems, to define the interface and provide a method initializing remotely a terminal cryptographic unit.

This Standard is part of the AS 2805 series of Standards on electronic funds transfer (EFT) requirements for interface, which is comprised of the following:

### AS

2805	Electronic funds transfer—Requirements for interfaces
2805.1	Part 1: Communications
2805.2	Part 2: Message structure, format and content
2805.3	Part 3: PIN management and security
2805.4	Part 4: Message authentication
2805.5.1	Part 5.1: Ciphers—Data encipherment algorithm 1 (DEA 1)
2805.5.2	Part 5.2: Ciphers—Modes of operation for an n-bit block cipher algorithm
2805.5.3	Part 5.3: Ciphers—Data encipherment algorithm 2 (DEA 2)
2805.5.4	Part 5.4: Ciphers—Data encipherment algorithm 3 (DEA 3) and related techniques
2805.6.1	Part 6.1: Key management—Principles
2805.6.2	Part 6.2: Key management—Transaction keys
2805.6.3	Part 6.3: Key management—Session keys—Node to node
2805.6.4	Part 6.4: Key management—Session keys—Terminal to acquirer
2805.6.5.1	Part 6.5.1: Key management—TCU initialization—Principles
2805.6.5.2	Part 6.5.2: Key management—TCU initialization—Symmetric (this Standard)
2805.6.5.3	Part 6.5.3: Key management—TCU initialization—Asymmetric
2805.9	Part 9: Privacy of communications
2805.10	Part 10: File transfer integrity validation
2805.11	Part 11: Card parameter table
2805.12.1	Part 12.1: Message content—Structure and format
2805.12.2	Part 12.2: Message content—Codes
2805.12.3	Part 12.3: Message content—Maintenance of codes
2805.13.1	Part 13.1: Secure hash functions—General
2805.13.2	Part 13.2: Secure hash functions—MD5
2805.13.3	Part 13.3: Secure hash functions—SHA-1
2805.14.1	Part 14.1: Secure cryptographic devices (retail)—Concepts, requirements and evaluation methods

The following Handbooks relate to the AS 2805 series of Standards:

HB 127	Electronic funds transfer—Implementing message content Standards— Conversion Handbook (changing from AS 2805.2 to the AS 2805.12 series)
HB 128	Electronic funds transfer—Implementing message content Standards— Terminal Handbook
HB 129	Electronic funds transfer—Implementing message content Standards— Interchange Handbook

Part 4.1, Message authentication using DEA 3, of the AS 2805 series is in the course of preparation.

In the AS 2805 series of Standards, the definitions of words and phrases used are specific to the Part in which they appear.

The term ‘normative’ has been used in this Standard to define the application of the appendix to which it applies. A ‘normative’ appendix is an integral part of a Standard.

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## FOREWORD

Maintaining the secrecy of cryptographic keys is of the utmost importance because the compromise of any key allows the compromise of all data ever enciphered under it. The generation, distribution and protection of cryptographic keys is called 'key management'.

Key management is a critical part of application specifications. In the AS 2805 series, the intent of AS 2805.6.5.1 is to define the principles to be observed for terminal cryptographic unit (TCU) initialization. This Standard describes a TCU initialization scheme which utilizes a symmetric cipher, whereas AS 2805.6.5.3 describes a scheme which incorporates the use of an asymmetric cipher.

Choice of an appropriate implementation will be governed by the nature of the interface application and the constraints of maintaining the security principles within it.

## STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

### Australian Standard

## Electronic funds transfer—Requirements for interfaces

### Part 6.5.2: Key management—TCU initialization—Symmetric

#### 1 SCOPE

This Standard defines the interface and specifies a scheme for initializing remotely a terminal cryptographic unit (TCU).

#### 2 APPLICATION

This Standard is designed to be adopted wherever secure remote terminal initialization is required and where the terminal cryptographic unit (TCU) is not required to be delivered via a sponsor's facility.

This Standard is intended to be used in conjunction with the key management systems described in AS 2805.6.2 and AS 2805.6.4.

#### 3 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

The following documents are referred to in this Standard:

##### AS

2805	Electronic funds transfer—Requirements for interfaces
2805.5.1	Part 5.1: Ciphers—Data encipherment algorithm 1 (DEA 1)
2805.5.3	Part 5.3: Ciphers—Data encipherment algorithm 2 (DEA 2)
2805.5.4	Part 5.4: Ciphers—Data encipherment algorithm 3 (DEA 3) and related techniques
2805.6.1	Part 6.1: Key management—Principles
2805.6.2	Part 6.2: Key management—Transaction keys
2805.6.4	Part 6.4: Key management—Session keys—Terminal to acquirer
2805.6.5.1	Part 6.5.1: Key management—TCU initialization—Principles
2805.11	Part 11 Card parameter table

#### 4 ABBREVIATIONS

The abbreviations used in this Standard are as follows:

AIC	Acquiring institution identification code.
CPT	Card parameter table.
DEA	Data encipherment algorithm.
FKM	Key management facility.
KCA_M	Cross acquirer key (manufacturer).
KCA_S	Cross acquirer key (sponsor).
KIA	Acquirer initial key.
KIA_M	Manufacturer's component of acquirer initial key.