

Australian Standard®

Test methods for general access floors

Method 13: Test for pedestal free movement by horizontal load

METHOD

1 SCOPE This Standard sets out the method for testing stability for pedestals supporting an elevated floor system.

2 PRINCIPLE Pedestals supporting different grades of access floor system are tested for their free movement by sustaining their appropriate horizontal loads applied at their heads.

3 APPARATUS The following apparatus is required:

- (a) *Testing device*—a calibrated constant pressure ram complete with pressure gauge and pressure controller capable of applying a horizontal load greater than the appropriate test load specified in AS 4154.
- (b) *Measuring device*—in the form of a dial gauge capable of recording deflections to an accuracy of 0.01 mm.

4 TEST SPECIMEN The test specimen shall be two randomly selected pedestals of the maximum height of the type of system submitted.

The selected pedestals shall be firmly fixed to a horizontal surface.

5 PROCEDURE The procedure for testing the free movement of the two specimens shall be as follows:

- (a) Apply a horizontal load of 5 N to the head of a pedestal by the testing device (see Figure 1).
- (b) Measure the total movement at the head.
- (c) Repeat Steps (a) and (b) for the opposite direction.

6 REPORT The test report for each test shall contain the following:

- (a) Date of test.
- (b) Type and grade of system.
- (c) Type of test.
- (d) Reference to this test method, i.e. AS 4155.13.
- (e) Description of the pedestal including details of any material used to restrict movement, e.g. epoxy resin in threads or joints.
- (f) Height of pedestal.
- (g) Total movement for each direction.
- (h) Total movement per 100 mm height for each direction.