AS/NZS CISPR 11:2004
CISPR 11:2003

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment—Electromagnetic disturbance characteristics—Limits and methods of measurement

STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

STANDARDS NEW ZEALAND
Paerewa Aotearoa

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee TE-003, Electromagnetic Interference. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 24 March 2004 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 16 April 2004. It was published on 7 June 2004.

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Australian/New Zealand Standard™

Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment—Electromagnetic disturbance characteristics—Limits and methods of measurement

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PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee TE-003, Electromagnetic Interference to supersede AS/NZS CISPR 11:2002.

This Standard is identical with, and has been reproduced from, CISPR 11:2003, *Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment—Electromagnetic disturbance characteristics—Limits and methods of measurement*.

The objective of this Standard is to identify limits and methods of measurement of electromagnetic disturbance characteristics in ISM radio frequency equipment.

The terms 'normative' and 'informative' are used to define the application of the annex to which they apply. A normative annex is an integral part of a standard, whereas an informative annex is only for information and guidance.

As this Standard is reproduced from an international standard, the following applies:

(a) Its number appears on the cover and title page while the international standard number appears only on the cover.

(b) In the source text 'this International Standard' should read 'this Australian/New Zealand Standard'.

(c) A full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

References to International Standards should be replaced by references to Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards, as follows:

Reference to International Standard		*Australian/New Zealand Standard*	
CISPR		AS/NZS CISPR	
15	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of electrical lighting and similar equipment	15	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of electrical lighting and similar equipment
16	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods	16	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods
16-1	Part 1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus	16.1	Part 1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus
16-2	Part 2: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity	16.2	Part 2: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity
CISPR		AS/NZS	
19	Guidance on the use of the substitution method for measurements of radiation from microwave ovens for frequencies above 1 GHz	4052	Guidance on the use of the substitution method for measurements of radiation from microwave ovens for frequencies above 1 GHz
IEC		AS/NZS	
60974-10	Arc welding equipment—Part 10: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requirements	4713	Arc welding equipment, Part 10: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requirements

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1 General

1.1 Scope and object

The limits and methods of measurement laid down in this International Standard apply to industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) equipment as defined in Clause 2, and to electro-discharge machining (EDM) and arc welding equipment.

NOTE The limits have been determined on a probabilistic basis taking into account the likelihood of interference. In cases of interference, additional provisions may be required.

Procedures are given for the measurement of radio-frequency disturbances and limits are laid down within the frequency range 9 kHz to 400 GHz.

Requirements for ISM lighting apparatus operating in the ISM frequency bands of 915 MHz (only allowed in region 2 as defined by the ITU Radio Regulations), 2,45 GHz and 5,8 GHz are contained in this standard.

Requirements for other types of lighting apparatus are covered in CISPR 15.

1.2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

CISPR 15, Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of electrical lighting and similar equipment

CISPR 16-1:1999, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus

CISPR 16-2:1996, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity

CISPR 19, Guidance on the use of the substitution method for measurements of radiation from microwave ovens for frequencies above 1 GHz

IEC 60050(161), International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 161: Electro-magnetic compatibility

IEC 60083, Plugs and sockets outlets for domestic and similar general use standardized in member countries of IEC

IEC 60705:1999, Household microwave ovens – Methods for measuring performance

IEC 60974-10, Arc welding equipment – Part 10: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requirements