

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

**Personal eye protection**

**Part 0: Eye and face protection—  
Vocabulary (ISO 4007:2012, MOD)**



## **AS/NZS 1337.0:2014**

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee SF-006, Eye and Face Protection. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 20 November 2014 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 13 November 2014.  
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## Personal eye protection

### Part 0: Eye and face protection— Vocabulary (ISO 4007:2012, MOD)

Originated as AS/NZS 1337.0(Int):2010.  
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## PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee SF-006, Eye and Face Protection, to supersede AS/NZS 1337.0(Int):2010, *Personal eye protection, Part 0: Eye and face protectors—Vocabulary*.

The objective of this Standard is to provide terms and definitions for eye and face protectors. Additional terms specifically used in AS/NZS 1337.1, which are not defined in this Standard, are defined in AS/NZS 1337.1.

This Standard is an adoption with national modifications and has been reproduced from ISO 4007:2012, *Personal protective equipment—Eye and face protection—Vocabulary*, and has been varied as indicated to take account of Australian/New Zealand conditions. The modifications are specified in Appendix ZZ.

As this Standard is reproduced from an International Standard, the following applies:

- (a) In the source text ‘this International Standard’ should read ‘this Australian/New Zealand Standard’.
- (b) A full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

The terms ‘normative’ and ‘informative’ are used to define the application of the annex or appendix to which they apply. The ‘normative’ appendix is an integral part of a Standard, whereas the ‘informative’ annex is only for information and guidance.

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## INTRODUCTION

This International Standard is based on EN 165, *Personal eye-protection — Vocabulary*, which has been withdrawn.

Although considered, there is no definition describing transmittance or absorptance properties of filters in the short-wavelength range from 380 nm to around 400 nm because there is no agreement at present on what the definition or requirement should be.

Terms relating to mesh visors and additional oculars have been omitted until required for the appropriate standards.

Words in bold within descriptions or notes refer to terms defined within this International Standard.

## AUSTRALIAN/NEW ZEALAND STANDARD

**Personal eye protection**

Part 0:

Eye and face protection—Vocabulary (ISO 4007:2012, MOD)

**1 Scope**

This International Standard defines and explains the principal terms used in the field of personal eye and face protection.

NOTE This International Standard includes terms reproduced from the standards cited in Clause 2. At the time of publication of this International Standard, the quoted terms are identical to those in ISO 8624:2011, ISO 13666:—<sup>1)</sup>, CIE 17.4:1987 and ISO/IEC Guide 51:1999. If, due to future revision of the aforementioned standards, there should be a disagreement between ISO 4007 and ISO 8624, ISO 13666, CIE 17.4 or ISO/IEC Guide 51, then the definitions in the latest version of ISO 8624, ISO 13666, CIE 17.4 or ISO/IEC Guide 51 take precedence.

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1) To be published.