

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

**Medical electrical equipment**

**Part 2.29: Particular requirements for  
safety—Radiotherapy simulators  
(IEC 60601-2-29:1999, MOD)**



**S t a n d a r d s** Australia



**STANDARDS**  
NEW ZEALAND  
Pūnaha Aotearoa

## **AS/NZS 3200.2.29:2000**

---

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee HE/3, Medical Electrical Equipment. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 16 June 2000 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 4 July 2000. It was published on 1 August 2000.

---

The following interests are represented on Committee HE/3:

Australasian College of Physical Scientists and Engineers in Medicine  
Australasian Society for Ultrasound in Medicine  
Australian Dental Association  
Australian Institute of Radiography  
Australian Radiation Laboratory  
Australian Society of Anaesthetists  
College of Biomedical Engineering Institution of Engineers Australia  
Commonwealth Department of Health and Family Services  
Department of Defence (Australia)  
Medical Industry Association of Australia  
Ministry of Commerce, New Zealand  
Royal Australasian College of Surgeons  
Royal Australasian College of Radiologists

---

### **Keeping Standards up-to-date**

Standards are living documents which reflect progress in science, technology and systems. To maintain their currency, all Standards are periodically reviewed, and new editions are published. Between editions, amendments may be issued. Standards may also be withdrawn. It is important that readers assure themselves they are using a current Standard, which should include any amendments which may have been published since the Standard was purchased.

Detailed information about joint Australian/New Zealand Standards can be found by visiting the Standards Australia web site at [www.standards.com.au](http://www.standards.com.au) or Standards New Zealand web site at [www.standards.co.nz](http://www.standards.co.nz) and looking up the relevant Standard in the on-line catalogue.

Alternatively, both organizations publish an annual printed Catalogue with full details of all current Standards. For more frequent listings or notification of revisions, amendments and withdrawals, Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand offer a number of update options. For information about these services, users should contact their respective national Standards organization.

We also welcome suggestions for improvement in our Standards, and especially encourage readers to notify us immediately of any apparent inaccuracies or ambiguities. Please address your comments to the Chief Executive of either Standards Australia International or Standards New Zealand at the address shown on the back cover.

---

# Australian/New Zealand Standard™

## Medical electrical equipment

### Part 2.29: Particular requirements for safety—Radiotherapy simulators (IEC 60601-2-29:1999, MOD)

First published as AS/NZS 3200.2.29:2000.

#### **COPYRIGHT**

© Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand

All rights are reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without the written permission of the publisher.

Jointly published by Standards Australia International Ltd, GPO Box 5420, Sydney, NSW 2001 and Standards New Zealand, Private Bag 2439, Wellington 6020

ISBN 0 7337 3468 5

## PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee HE/003, Medical Electrical Equipment.

This Particular Standard modifies, and has been reproduced from, IEC 60601-2-29:1999, *Medical electrical equipment, Part 2-29: Particular requirements for the safety of radiotherapy simulators* which modifies and supplements the corresponding Clauses of IEC 60601-1:1988, *Medical electrical equipment, Part 1: General requirements for safety* which has been adopted as AS/NZS 3200.1.0:1998, hereinafter referred to as the General Standard. Additional requirements for Australia and New Zealand are included in Appendix ZZ.

The General Standard details electrical safety requirements for all types of medical electrical equipment. A Particular Standard details additional safety requirements for a related group of medical electrical devices. A Collateral Standard details additional safety requirements for a range of devices within the scope of the General Standard which may not be related but share common problems.

In the text of this Standard, the following print types are used:

- (a) Requirements, compliance with which can be tested and definitions  
.....in large roman type
- (b) Explanations, advice, introductions, general statements, exceptions and references  
..... in smaller roman type
- (c) Headings of sub-clauses and text specifications  
.....in italic type
- (d) Terms used throughout the Standard, which have been defined in Clause 2 and which are also in the index ..... IN SMALL CAPITALS

Some pages of the original, which relate to IEC administrative matters, are omitted from this edition.

As this publication has been reproduced from an international Standard, the following modifications apply:

- (i) its number does not appear on each page of text and its identity is shown on the cover and title page.
- (ii) the words 'this Australian/New Zealand Standard' should replace the words 'this International Standard' wherever they appear.
- (iii) substitute a full point for a comma where it appears as a decimal marker.

The references to international Standards should be replaced by references to the following Australian or Joint Australian/New Zealand Standards:

<i>Reference to International Standard</i>		<i>Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standard</i>	
IEC		AS/NZS	
60601	Medical electrical equipment	3200	Medical electrical equipment
60601-1	Part 1: General requirements for safety Amendment 1:1991 Amendment 2:1995	3200.1.0	Part 1.0: General requirements for safety—Parent Standard
60601-1-1	Part 1: General requirements for safety 1: Collateral Standard: Safety requirements for medical electrical systems	3200.1.1	Part 1.1: General requirements for safety—Collateral Standard: Safety requirements for medical electrical systems

IEC		AS/NZS	
60601-1-2	Part 1: General requirements for safety 2: Collateral Standard: Electromagnetic compatibility—Requirements and tests	3200.1.2	Part 1.2: General requirements for safety—Collateral Standard: Electromagnetic compatibility—Requirements and tests
60601-2-7	Part 2: Particular requirements for the safety of high-voltage generators of diagnostic X-ray generators	3200.2.7	Part 2.7: Particular requirements for safety—High voltage generators of diagnostic X-ray generators
60788	Medical radiology—Terminology	—	
61217	Radiotherapy equipment—Co-ordinates, movements and scales	4495	Radiotherapy equipment—Co-ordinates, movements and scales

The terms ‘normative’ and ‘informative’ have been used in this Standard to define the application of the Appendix or annex to which they apply. A ‘normative’ annex is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an ‘informative’ annex is only for information and guidance.

## CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTION .....	vi
<b>SECTION ONE – GENERAL</b>	
Clause	
1 Scope and object .....	1
2 Terminology and definitions .....	3
5 Classification .....	4
6 Identification, marking and documents .....	4
<b>SECTION TWO – ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS</b>	
10 Environmental conditions .....	7
<b>SECTION THREE – PROTECTION AGAINST ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARDS</b>	
16 ENCLOSURES and PROTECTIVE COVERS .....	7
18 Protective earthing, functional earthing and potential equalization .....	7
19 Continuous LEAKAGE CURRENTS and PATIENT AUXILIARY CURRENTS .....	8
<b>SECTION FOUR – PROTECTION AGAINST MECHANICAL HAZARDS</b>	
22 Moving parts .....	9
27 Pneumatic and hydraulic power .....	12
28 Suspended masses .....	12
<b>SECTION FIVE – PROTECTION AGAINST HAZARDS FROM UNWANTED OR EXCESSIVE RADIATION</b>	
29 X-RADIATION generated by SIMULATORS .....	12
36 ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY .....	15
<b>SECTION SIX – PROTECTION AGAINST HAZARDS OF IGNITION OF FLAMMABLE ANAESTHETIC MIXTURES</b>	
<b>SECTION NINE – ABNORMAL OPERATION AND FAULT CONDITIONS; ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS</b>	
52 Abnormal operation and fault conditions .....	16

Clause	Page
<b>Annexes</b>	
Appendix L (normative) – References – Publications mentioned in this standard .....	21
Annex AA (normative) – Terminology – Index of defined terms .....	22
Annex BB (informative) – Bibliography .....	25
<b>Table</b>	
Table 101 – Clauses and subclauses in this Particular Standard that require the provision of information in the ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS, the INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, and in the technical description.....	6
<b>Figures</b>	
Figure 101 – EQUIPMENT movements and scales – Rotary GANTRY (adapted from IEC 60601-2-1) with identification of axes 1 to 8, directions 9 to 13, and dimensions 14 and 15 .....	17
Figure 102 – EQUIPMENT movements and scales – ISOCENTRIC RADIOTHERAPY SIMULATOR or TELERADIOTHERAPY EQUIPMENT, with identification of axes 1; 4 to 6; 19, of directions 9 to 12; 16 to 18 and of dimensions 14; 15 .....	18
Figure 103 – EQUIPMENT movements and scales – View from RADIATION SOURCE of TELERADIOTHERAPY RADIATION FIELD or RADIOTHERAPY SIMULATOR DELINEATED RADIATION FIELD .....	19

## INTRODUCTION

The use of RADIOTHERAPY SIMULATORS may expose PATIENTS to danger if the EQUIPMENT design does not satisfy standards of electrical, mechanical and IONIZING RADIATION safety. The EQUIPMENT may also cause danger to persons in the vicinity if the EQUIPMENT itself fails to contain the IONIZING RADIATION adequately and/or if there are inadequacies in the design of the SIMULATOR room.

This Particular Standard establishes requirements to be complied with by MANUFACTURERS in the design and construction of RADIOTHERAPY SIMULATORS; it does not attempt to define their optimum performance requirements. Its purpose is to identify those features of design that are regarded, at the present time, as essential for the safe operation of such EQUIPMENT; it places limits on the degradation of EQUIPMENT performance beyond which it can be presumed that a fault condition exists, for example a component failure, and where an INTERLOCK then operates to prevent continued operation of the EQUIPMENT.

## AUSTRALIAN/NEW ZEALAND STANDARD

**Medical electrical equipment**

## Part 2.29:

## Particular requirements for safety—Radiotherapy simulators

## SECTION ONE – GENERAL

The clauses and subclauses of this section of the General Standard apply, except as follows:

**1 Scope and object****1.1 Scope**

*Addition:*

This Particular Standard applies to RADIOTHERAPY SIMULATORS:

- that use diagnostic X-RAY EQUIPMENT to simulate physically a RADIOTHERAPY RADIATION BEAM, so that the TREATMENT VOLUME to be subjected to IRRADIATION during RADIOTHERAPY can be localized, and the position and size of the RADIOTHERAPY RADIATION FIELD can be confirmed;
- intended exclusively for RADIOTHERAPY simulation as a prelude to intended RADIOTHERAPY, and not for any other purpose such as general diagnostic examinations;
- used within the environmental and electrical supply conditions SPECIFIED in the technical description;
- comprising the following parts:
  - a system for producing an X-RAY BEAM, which simulates the geometry of the RADIOTHERAPY RADIATION BEAM;
  - a system for producing images of the transmitted X-RAY BEAM, for example, either by RADIOGRAPHY or RADIOSCOPY;
  - an assembly to control the size and position of the RADIATION BEAM and to delineate the intended treatment area;
  - a mechanical structure that physically simulates the geometry and movements of the RADIOTHERAPY EQUIPMENT and supports the imaging system;
  - a PATIENT SUPPORT system.

**1.2 Object**

*Addition:*

This Particular Standard establishes requirements to ensure the IONIZING RADIATION safety and enhanced mechanical and electrical safety of RADIOTHERAPY SIMULATORS; it identifies geometrical parameters that are critical for the accurate simulation of a RADIOTHERAPY treatment.