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Australia**



Australian Standard® 3523—1988

IDENTIFICATION CARDS— NUMBERING SYSTEM AND REGISTRATION PROCEDURE FOR ISSUER IDENTIFIERS



This Australian Standard was prepared by Committee IS/1, Information Processing Systems. It was approved on behalf of the Council of the Standards Association of Australia on 17 December 1987 and published on 5 February 1988.

The following interests are represented on Committee IS/1:

Australian Association of Permanent Building Societies
Australian Bankers' Association
Australian Bureau of Statistics
Australian Computer Equipment Manufacturers Association
Australian Computing Services Association
Australian Computer Society
Australian Computer Users Association
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AUSTRALIAN STANDARD

IDENTIFICATION CARDS— NUMBERING SYSTEM AND REGISTRATION PROCEDURE FOR ISSUER IDENTIFIERS

AS 3523—1988

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PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Association's Committee on Information Processing Systems. It has been reproduced from International Standard ISO 7812—1987 drawn up by ISO/TC 97, Information Processing Systems.

Additional recommendations which are not a part of the requirements of this Standard but which have been added for the guidance of users are set out in Annex D. These additional recommendations do not appear in the International Standard ISO 7812—1987.

This Standard (AS 3523), together with all the parts of the AS 3522² series, and, in addition, AS 3521¹, AS 3524³ and AS 3525⁴, supersedes the following Standards:

AS 2623.1, Credit Cards—Part 1—1983: Specifications, Numbering System and Registration Procedure.

AS 2623.2, Credit Cards—Part 2—1983: Magnetic Stripe Encoding for Tracks 1, 2 and 3.

AS 2623.3, Credit Cards—Part 3—1983: Magnetic Stripe Data Content for Track 3.

Numeric values in the SI system in this Standard may have been rounded during conversion from imperial measurements, and are therefore consistent with, but not exactly equal to, the values in the original design which were given using the imperial system. In use, the two should be neither intermixed nor reconverted. However, following the practice in the International Standard, imperial values are given parentheses.

For the purpose of this Australian Standard, the text of the International Standard used herein should be modified as follows:

- (a) *Terminology*: The words 'Australian Standard' should replace the words 'International Standard' wherever they appear.
- (b) *Decimal comma*: The decimal point should replace the decimal comma wherever it appears.
- (c) *Cross-references*: The references to International Standards should be replaced by references to Australian Standards as follows:

<i>Reference to International Standard</i>	<i>Appropriate Australian Standard</i>
ISO 3166, Codes for the representation of names of countries	AS 2632, Codes for the representation of names of countries
ISO 4909, Bank cards—Magnetic stripe data content for track 3	AS 3525, Bank cards—Magnetic stripe data content for track 3
ISO 7810, Identification cards—Physical characteristics	AS 3521, Identification cards—Physical characteristics
ISO 7811/3, Identification cards—Recording technique	AS 3522.3, Identification cards—Recording technique
Part 3: Location of embossed characters on ID-1 cards	Part 3: Location of embossed characters on ID-1 cards

¹AS 3521, Identification Cards—Physical Characteristics

²AS 3522, Identification Cards—Recording Technique

³AS 3524, Identification Cards—Financial Transaction Cards

⁴AS 3525, Bank Cards—Magnetic Stripe Data Content for Track 3

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Identification cards — Numbering system and registration procedure for issuer identifiers

0 Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series of standards describing the parameters for identification cards as defined in clause 3 below and the use of such cards for international interchange.

1 Scope and field of application

This International Standard specifies a numbering system for the identification of issuers of identification cards. It also specifies the procedures to be used for the registration and publication of issuer identification numbers.

2 References

- ISO 3166, *Codes for the representation of names of countries.*
- ISO 4909, *Bank cards — Magnetic stripe data content for track 3.*
- ISO 7810, *Identification cards — Physical characteristics.*
- ISO 7811-3, *Identification cards — Recording technique — Part 3: Location of embossed characters on ID-1 cards.*

3 Definitions

For the purpose of this International Standard, the definition of "identification card" given in ISO 7810 and the following definitions apply.

3.1 identification number: The number that identifies the cardholder.

NOTE — Equivalent to PAN — Primary Account Number as defined in ISO 4909.

3.2 individual account identification: Personal or individual number assigned by the card issuing institution for purposes of identifying an individual account.

3.3 issuer identification number: The number that identifies the major industry and the card issuer and which forms the first part of the identification number.

3.4 issuer identifier: The number that identifies the card issuing institution within its industry.

3.5 major industry identifier (MII): The number that identifies the industry of the card issuer.

4 Numbering system

The identification number on an identification card is composed of three main components as shown in the figure. This International Standard is concerned primarily with the first of these, that is, the issuer identification number.

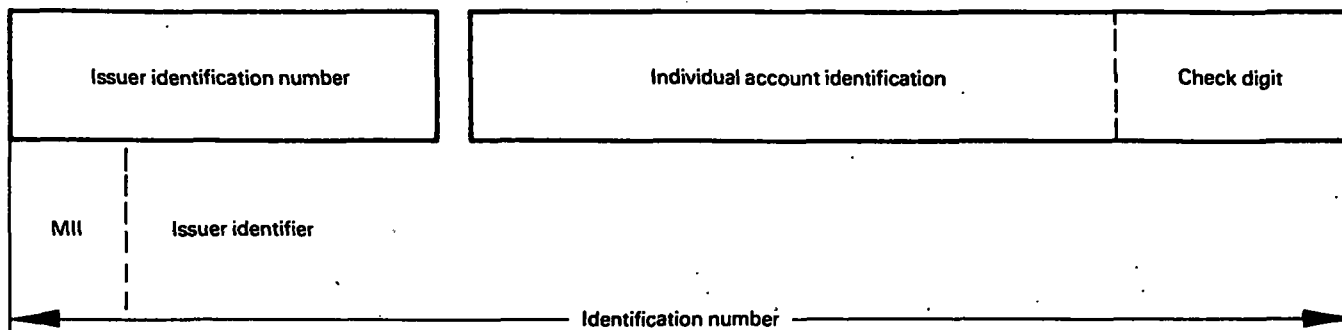


Figure — Composition of the identification number on identification cards