

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

**Household and Similar Electrical
Appliances—Safety**

**Part 2.53: Particular requirements for
cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar
appliances**



AS/NZS 60335.2.6:2002

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee EL-002, Safety of Household and Similar Electrical Appliances and Small Power Transformers. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 8 October 2002 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 2 October 2002.

This Standard was published on 22 November 2002.

The following are represented on Committee EL-002:

Australian Industry Group
Australian Retailers Association
Australian Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers Association
Business New Zealand
Consumer Electronic Suppliers Association, Australia
Consumers' Federation of Australia
Electrical regulatory authorities, Australia
Electrical Compliance Testing Association
Electrical consultants
Electricity Supply Association of Australia
Ministry of Consumer Affairs, New Zealand
New Zealand Electric Fence Energizer Manufacturers' Standards Group

Keeping Standards up-to-date

Standards are living documents which reflect progress in science, technology and systems. To maintain their currency, all Standards are periodically reviewed, and new editions are published. Between editions, amendments may be issued. Standards may also be withdrawn. It is important that readers assure themselves they are using a current Standard, which should include any amendments which may have been published since the Standard was purchased.

Detailed information about joint Australian/New Zealand Standards can be found by visiting the Standards Web Shop at www.standards.com.au or Standards New Zealand web site at www.standards.co.nz and looking up the relevant Standard in the on-line catalogue.

Alternatively, both organizations publish an annual printed Catalogue with full details of all current Standards. For more frequent listings or notification of revisions, amendments and withdrawals, Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand offer a number of update options. For information about these services, users should contact their respective national Standards organization.

We also welcome suggestions for improvement in our Standards, and especially encourage readers to notify us immediately of any apparent inaccuracies or ambiguities. Please address your comments to the Chief Executive of either Standards Australia or Standards New Zealand at the address shown on the back cover.

This Standard was issued in draft form for comment as DR 02908.

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

Household and Similar Electrical Appliances—Safety

Part 2.53: Particular requirements for cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances

Originated in Australia in part as C102-1937.
Final Australian edition AS 3172—1990.
Originated in New Zealand as NZSS 1910:1965.
Previous AS/NZS 3172:1996.
Jointly revised and redesignated AS/NZS 3350.2.6:1998.
Second edition AS/NZS 3350.2.6:2001.
Jointly revised and redesignated AS/NZS 60335.2.6:2002.
Reissued incorporating Amendment No. 1 (June 2005).
Reissued incorporating Amendment No. 2 (November 2005).
Reissued incorporating Amendment No. 3 (June 2006).
Reissued incorporating Amendment No. 4 (October 2006).

COPYRIGHT

© Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand

All rights are reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without the written permission of the publisher.

Jointly published by Standards Australia, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001 and Standards New Zealand, Private Bag 2439, Wellington 6020

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	6
1 Scope	7
2 Normative references	7
3 Definitions	8
4 General requirement.....	11
5 General conditions for the tests	11
6 Classification.....	12
7 Marking and instructions	12
8 Protection against access to live parts	16
9 Starting of motor-operated appliances.....	16
10 Power input and current.....	16
11 Heating	17
12 Void	21
13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature	21
14 Transient overvoltages	22
15 Moisture resistance	22
16 Leakage current and electric strength	23
17 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits	24
18 Endurance.....	24
19 Abnormal operation	24
20 Stability and mechanical hazards.....	25
21 Mechanical strength	26
22 Construction.....	28
23 Internal wiring.....	32
24 Components.....	33
25 Supply connection and external flexible cords	34
26 Terminals for external conductors	34
27 Provision for earthing.....	34
28 Screws and connections	34
29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation	34
30 Resistance to heat and fire	34
31 Resistance to rusting	35
32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards	35

Annexes	41
Annex ZA (normative) Reduced surface temperatures	41
Annex ZZ (informative) Variations to IEC 60335-2-6 Ed 5.1 for application in Australia and New Zealand.....	42
Bibliography	48
Figure 101 – Vessel for testing hob elements	36
Figure 102 – Vessel for testing induction hob elements.....	37
Figure 103 – Load for testing rotating spits.....	38
Figure 104 – Probe for measuring surface temperatures.....	39
Figure 301 – Examples of correctly formatted hot surface warning signs	40
Table 101 – Quantity of liquid in the vessel	9
Table 102 – Temperature rise limits for accessible surfaces	20
Table ZA.1 – Reduced temperatures for front surfaces of oven doors.....	41
Table ZA.2 – Reduced temperatures for front surfaces of oven doors of pyrolytic self-cleaning ovens when operated under cleaning conditions.	41

AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND STANDARD

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2.6: Particular requirements for stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances

FOREWORD

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee EL-002 - Safety of Household and Similar Electrical Appliances and Small Power Transformers to supersede AS/NZS 3350.2.6:2006, on 22 November 2009. Up until that date either AS/NZS 3350.2.6:2006 or AS/NZS 60335.2.6:2002 may be used for regulatory purposes in both Australia and New Zealand.

This Standard incorporates Amendment No. 1 (June 2005), Amendment No. 2 (November 2005) and Amendment No. 3 (June 2006) and Amendment No. 4 (October 2006). The changes required by the amendments are indicated in the text by a marginal bar and amendment number against the clause, note, table, figure or part thereof affected. Where an application date other than immediate is applicable to an amendment the date of application (DOA) is indicated by the marginal bar against the part affected.

The objective of this Standard is to provide manufacturers, designers, regulatory authorities, testing laboratories and similar organizations with safety requirements designed to give the user protection against hazards that might occur during normal operation and abnormal operation of the appliance and which may be used as the basis for approval for sale or for connection to the electricity supply mains in Australia and New Zealand.

This Standard is an adoption with national modifications and contains the full text of the fifth edition of IEC 60335-2-6, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety - Part 2-6: Particular requirements for stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances* and its amendment 1 (2005) and has been varied as indicated to take account of Australian and New Zealand conditions. It is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of AS/NZS 60335.1, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety - Part 1: General requirements* and its Amendments. It was established on the basis of AS/NZS 60335.1:2002.

This part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses of AS/NZS 60335.1 so as to convert it into the Australian/New Zealand Standard: Safety of stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances.

NOTE 1 When "Part 1" is mentioned in this standard, it refers to AS/NZS 60335.1.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this Part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states "addition", "modification", or "replacement", the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- *test specifications: in italic type;*
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The numbering of clauses, subclauses, notes, tables, figures and annexes follows that of IEC 60335-2-6 Ed 5.1. To allow for the introduction of additional material by the IEC, the numbers 101 to 200 have been reserved. To allow for additional material to be introduced by Australia and New Zealand, the numbers 201 to 300 are used to number further clauses, subclauses, notes, tables and figures in part 1. The numbers 301 to 400 are used to number further clauses, subclauses, notes, tables and figures in this part 2. Additional annexes are lettered ZA, ZB and so on.

This scheme has been introduced to reduce the likelihood of the IEC and Australia and New Zealand using the same identifier for different purposes.

The use of the word VOID indicates that the IEC text is not used in Australia or New Zealand. The use of this word also avoids the need to renumber, clauses, notes, tables and figure if an earlier clause, note, table or figure is not used.

Clause 2 has been reformatted to indicate the Australia/New Zealand standard that is equivalent to the IEC standard or ISO standard to which normative reference is made.

The bibliography has been reformatted to indicate the Australia/New Zealand standard that is equivalent to the IEC standard or ISO standard to which reference is made.

As this Standard is reproduced from an International Standard, the following applies:

- (a) Its number does not appear on each page of text and its identity is shown on the cover and title page only.
- (b) In the source text "this International Standard" should read "this Australian/New Zealand Standard".

A full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

Variations to IEC 60335-2-6 Ed 5.1 are indicated at the appropriate places throughout this standard. Strikethrough (~~example~~) identifies IEC tables, figures and passages of text which, for the purposes of this Australian/New Zealand standard are deleted. Where Australian/New Zealand tables, figures or passages of text are added, each is set in its proper place and identified by shading (**example**). Added figures are not themselves shaded, but are identified by a shaded border.

Variations made to IEC 60335-2-6 Ed 5.1 form the Australian variations for the purposes of the IECEE scheme for recognition of testing to standards for safety of electrical equipment (the CB scheme). These variations have been incorporated in the body of the standard. They are listed in Annex ZZ for easy reference.

INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice and takes into account the way in which electromagnetic phenomena can affect the safe operation of appliances.

This standard takes into account the requirements of AS/NZS 3000 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another part 2 of AS/NZS 60335, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

The essential safety requirements in AS/NZS 3820 that could be applicable to stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances are covered by this standard.

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2.6: Particular requirements for stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances

1 Scope

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

This International Standard deals with the safety of **stationary electric cooking ranges, hobs, ovens** and similar appliances for household use, their **rated voltage** being not more than 250 V for single-phase appliances connected between one phase and neutral, and 480 V for other appliances.

NOTE 101 Examples of appliances that are within the scope of this standard are

- **griddles;**
- **grills;**
- **induction hobs;**
- **pyrolytic self-cleaning ovens;**
- **steam ovens.**

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by appliances that are encountered by all persons in and around the home. However, in general, it does not take into account

- the use of appliances by young children or infirm persons without supervision;
- playing with the appliance by young children.

NOTE 102 Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for appliances intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements may be necessary;
- in many countries additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour, the national water supply authorities and similar authorities.

NOTE 103 This standard does not apply to

- appliances intended for commercial catering;
- appliances intended to be used in locations where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas);
- grills, toasters and similar portable cooking appliances (IEC 60335-2-9)
- microwave ovens(IEC 60335-2-25)

2 Normative references

This clause of Part is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

<u>IEC standard</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>AU/NZ standard</u>	<u>Year</u>
60584-1		<i>Thermocouples – Part 1: Reference tables</i>		