

Australian Standard™

**Electricity metering equipment (AC)—
General requirements, tests and test
conditions**

**Part 11: Metering equipment
(IEC 62052-11, Ed.1.0 (2003) MOD)**

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Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Australian Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers Association
Electrical Regulatory Authorities Council
Electricity Engineers Association (New Zealand)
Energy Networks Association
Ministry of Economic Development (New Zealand)
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PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Australian members of the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee EL-011, Electricity Metering. After consultation with stakeholders in both countries, Standards Australia and Standards New Zealand decided to develop this Standard as an Australian, rather than an Australian/New Zealand Standard.

The objective of this Standard is to provide electricity utilities and manufacturers with type tests for electricity metering equipment.

This Standard is an adoption with national modifications and has been reproduced from IEC 62052-11, Ed.1.0 (2003), *Electricity metering equipment (AC) – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 11: Metering equipment*, and has been varied as indicated to take account of Australian climatic conditions and fundamental technological differences.

Variations to IEC 62052-11, Ed.1.0 (2003) are indicated at the appropriate places throughout this standard. Strikethrough (~~example~~) identifies IEC text, tables and figures which, for the purposes of this Australian Standard, are deleted. Where text, tables or figures are added, each is set in its proper place and identified by shading (example). Added figures are not themselves shaded, but are identified by a shaded border.

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The terms ‘normative’ and ‘informative’ are used to define the application of the annex to which they apply. A normative annex is an integral part of a standard, whereas an informative annex is only for information and guidance.

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Any table, figure or text of the international standard that is struck through is not part of this standard. Any Australian/New Zealand table, figure or text that is added is part of this standard and is identified by shading.

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62052 covers type tests for electricity metering equipment for indoor and outdoor application and applies to newly manufactured equipment designed to measure the electrical energy on 50 Hz or 60 Hz networks, with a voltage up to 600 V.

It applies to electromechanical or static meters for indoor and outdoor application consisting of a measuring element and register(s) enclosed together in a meter case. It also applies to operation indicator(s) and test output(s). If the meter has a measuring element for more than one type of energy (multi-energy meters), or when other functional elements, such as maximum demand indicators, electronic tariff registers, time switches, ripple control receivers, data communication interfaces, etc. are enclosed in the meter case, then the relevant standards for these elements apply.

If specified in the relevant product standard, this standard also applies to tariff and load control devices.

It does not apply to:

- a) portable meters;
- b) data interfaces to the register of the meter;
- c) reference meters.

For rack-mounted meters, the mechanical properties are not covered in this standard.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

References to international standards that are struck through in this clause are replaced by references to Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards that are listed immediately thereafter and identified by shading. Any Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standard that is identical to the International Standard it replaces is identified as such.

~~IEC 60038:1983, IEC standard voltages —
Amendment 1:1994, —
Amendment 2:1997~~

AS 60038, *Standard voltages*