

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

**Maritime survivor locating systems  
(MSLS)**

**Part 3: Maritime survivor locating  
devices (MSLD)—Operating on 156.575  
MHz and/or 161.975 MHz/162.025 MHz  
(RTCM 11901.1:2012, MOD)**



### **AS/NZS 4869.3:2015**

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee RC-004, Radiocommunications Equipment—Maritime and Safety of Life. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 14 April 2015 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 17 April 2015. This Standard was published on 30 April 2015.

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The following are represented on Committee RC-004:

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Australian Industry Group  
Australian Maritime Safety Authority  
Australian Radio Communications Industry Association  
Australian Volunteer Coast Guard Association  
Civil Aviation Safety Authority  
Department of Defence (Australian Government)  
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## PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee RC-004, Radiocommunications Equipment—Maritime and Safety of Life.

The objective of this Standard is to provide the essential requirements for maritime survivor locating devices (MSLD) that use the digital selective calling frequency of 156.525 MHz, and also automatic identification system frequencies of 161.975 MHz and 162.025 MHz, that are described in the adopted RTCM standard.

This Standard includes environmental, operational and radiofrequency requirements. These specifications are required by both the appropriate national spectrum management authority and maritime safety authority in each country.

This Standard is an adoption with national modifications and has been reproduced from the Radio Technical Commission For Maritime Services standard, RTCM 1190.1:2012, *RTCM Standard 11901.1 for Maritime Survivor Locating Devices (MSLD)*, which incorporates Amendment 1 (2014), and has been varied as indicated to take account of Australian/New Zealand conditions. The modifications are specified in Appendix ZZ.

References to International Standards should be replaced by references to Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards, as follows:

| <i>Reference to International Standard</i>   | <i>Australian/New Zealand Standard</i>   |
|--|--|
| IEC<br>60529 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)  | AS<br>60529 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)   |
| 61097 Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS)   | AS/NZS<br>4415 Radiotelephone transmitters and receivers for the maritime mobile service operating in the VHF bands—Technical characteristics and methods of measurement |
| 61097-7 Part 7: Shipborne VHF radiotelephone transmitter and receiver—Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results | 4415.1 Part 1: Shipborne equipment and limited coast stations (including DSC) (IEC 61097-7:1996, MOD)  |

Only normative references that have been adopted as Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standard have been listed.

The terms ‘normative’ and ‘informative’ have been used in this Standard to define the application of the annex or appendix to which they apply. A ‘normative’ annex or appendix is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an ‘informative’ annex or appendix is only for information and guidance.

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## AUSTRALIAN/NEW ZEALAND STANDARD

**Maritime survivor locating systems (MSLS)**

## Part 3:

Maritime survivor locating devices (MSLD)—Operating on 156.575 MHz and/or 161.975 MHz/162.025 MHz (RTCM 11901.1:2012, MOD)

**1 Scope**

This document specifies the minimum functional and technical requirements for a Maritime Survivor Locating Device (MSLD) system.

MSLD Alerting Units (AUs) are intended to be carried by individuals engaged in on-deck activities on vessels, or in activities on shore where falls into the water are a risk, or in other marine activities where location of persons may be required.

The purpose of the AU is to send a local alert primarily to a mating Base Unit (BU) on one's own vessel or facility, and possibly also to other BUs on other vessels nearby. The MSLD system is not intended to perform the functions of an Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacon (EPIRB). The AU may also serve as a locating beacon to assist in the individual's recovery.

The AU typically consists of a transmitter module, an integral antenna, and a power source, all contained in a wearable watertight case. The AU is typically used in conjunction with a mating BU on a vessel, but may be used with an existing receiver suited for the purpose. In addition, the system includes a Locating Function (LF) to aide in the search and rescue of the individual, which may or may not be part of the BU.

The MSLD system operates on a radio frequency authorized for this type of service.

The body of this standard is organized into two main parts:

- Common requirements for all MSLDs (Sections 1 through 8).
- Requirements for specific types of MSLDs (Annexes A through E).

**2 Normative References**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document to the extent specified herein. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60529 - *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)*

IEC 60945 - *Maritime navigation and radio communication equipment and systems general requirements - methods of testing and required test results (2002-08)*

IEC 61097-3 – *Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) - Part 3: Digital selective calling (DSC) equipment - Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required testing results*

IEC 61097-7 – *Global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) - Part 7: Shipborne VHF radiotelephone transmitter and receiver - Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results*

IEC 61108-1 - *Maritime navigation and radio communication equipment and systems – Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) – Part 1: Global positioning system (GPS) – Receiver equipment – Performance standards, methods of testing and required test results (2003-07)*