



## **High-voltage switchgear and controlgear**

**Part 110: Inductive load switching (IEC  
62271-110:2017 (ED 4.0)/COR 1:2017/  
COR 2:2018, MOD)**



AS 62271.110:2019

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- Australian Industry Group
- Energy Networks Australia
- Engineers Australia
- University of New South Wales

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### **Part 110: Inductive load switching (IEC 62271-110:2017 (ED 4.0)/COR 1:2017/ COR 2:2018, MOD)**

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## Preface

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee EL-007, Power Switchgear, to supersede AS 62271.110—2006, *High voltage switchgear and controlgear, Part 110: Inductive load switching*.

The objective of this Standard is to specify the applications of AC switching devices designed for indoor or outdoor installation, for operation at frequencies of 50 Hz and 60 Hz on systems having voltages above 1 000 V and applied for inductive current switching.

It is applicable to switching devices (including circuit-breakers in accordance with AS 62271.100) that are used to switch high-voltage motor currents and shunt reactor currents and also to high-voltage contactors used to switch high-voltage motor currents as covered by IEC 62271-106.

This Standard does not cover the following:

- (a) Switching unloaded transformers, i.e. breaking transformer magnetizing current.
- (b) Switching of tertiary reactors from the high-voltage side of the transformer.
- (c) Switching of shunt reactors earthed through neutral reactors.

This Standard is an adoption with national modifications, and has been reproduced from, IEC 62271-110:2017, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear — Part 110: Inductive load switching* and its Corrigendum 1 (2017) and Corrigendum 2 (2018). The modifications are additional requirements and are set out in Appendix ZZ, which has been added at the end of the source text.

Appendix ZZ lists the variations to IEC 62271-110:2017 (ED. 4.0)/COR1:2017/COR2:2018 for the application of this Standard in Australia.

As this document has been reproduced from an International Standard, the following applies:

- (i) In the source text “this part of IEC 62271” should read “this Australian Standard”.
- (ii) A full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards that are identical adoptions of international normative references may be used interchangeably. Refer to the online catalogue for information on specific Standards.

The terms “normative” and “informative” are used in Standards to define the application of the appendices or annexes to which they apply. A “normative” appendix or annex is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an “informative” appendix or annex is only for information and guidance.

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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### HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

#### Part 110: Inductive load switching

#### FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62271-110 has been prepared by subcommittee 17A: Switching devices, of IEC technical committee 17: High-voltage switchgear and controlgear.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2012 and constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- all switching devices are now covered, not only circuit-breakers;
- a limited number of T10 tests no longer covers shunt-reactor switching tests below 52 kV;
- evaluation and reporting of a re-ignition-free arcing time window has been added.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
17A/1151/FDIS	17A/1155/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62271 series can be found, under the general title *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear*, on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

The contents of the corrigenda of December 2017 and February 2018 have been included in this copy.

## HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

### Part 110: Inductive load switching

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62271 is applicable to AC switching devices designed for indoor or outdoor installation, for operation at frequencies of 50 Hz and 60 Hz on systems having voltages above 1 000 V and applied for inductive current switching. It is applicable to switching devices (including circuit-breakers in accordance with IEC 62271-100) that are used to switch high-voltage motor currents and shunt reactor currents and also to high-voltage contactors used to switch high-voltage motor currents as covered by IEC 62271-106.

Switching unloaded transformers, i.e. breaking transformer magnetizing current, is not considered in this document. The reasons for this are as follows:

- a) Owing to the non-linearity of the transformer core, it is not possible to correctly model the switching of transformer magnetizing current using linear components in a test laboratory. Tests conducted using an available transformer, such as a test transformer, will only be valid for the transformer tested and cannot be representative for other transformers.
- b) As detailed in IEC TR 62271-306, the characteristics of this duty are usually less severe than any other inductive current switching duty. Such a duty may produce severe overvoltages within the transformer winding(s) depending on the re-ignition behaviour of the switching device and transformer winding resonance frequencies.

NOTE 1 The switching of tertiary reactors from the high-voltage side of the transformer is not covered by this document.

NOTE 2 The switching of shunt reactors earthed through neutral reactors is not covered by this document. However, the application of test results according to this document, on the switching of neutral reactor earthed reactors (4-leg reactor scheme), is discussed in IEC TR 62271-306.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-441, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Chapter 441: Switchgear, controlgear and fuses* (available at [www.electropedia.org](http://www.electropedia.org))

IEC 62271-1:2017, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 1: Common specifications for alternating current switchgear and controlgear*

IEC 62271-100:2008, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 100: Alternating current circuit-breakers*

IEC 62271-100:2008/AMD1:2012

IEC 62271-106:2011, *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 106: Alternating current contactors, contactor-based controllers and motor-starters*